

Photoluminescence and Photocurrent of Thin Semiconducting Transition Metal Dichalcogenides

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The interest in electronic and optical properties of Transition Metal Dichalcogenides (TMD) is rising since the exfoliation and the preparation of a MoS₂ single layer field-effect transistor[1]. It was also shown before that these family of compounds, in their bulk state an indirect bandgap semiconductor, undergo a transition to a direct bandgap semiconductor when thinned down to one flake[2].

In this work we present recent photoluminescence and photoconductivity measurements of exfoliated MoS₂, MoSe₂ and WS₂. The obtained flakes were contacted electrically through standard electron-beam lithography procedures. Through the top and/or back gate we probe the response of these systems as a function of an external electric field and doping. We thus study different effects in this compounds, e.g. the valley polarisation[3, 4] or the ambipolar transport[5], which make TMD a promising candidate for new nanotechnological applications.

- [1] Radisavljevic et al., Nat. Nanotechnology 6, 147 (2011).
- [2] Splendiani et al., Nano Lett. 10, 1271 (2010).
- [3] Zeng et al., Nat. Nanotechnology 7, 490 (2012).
- [4] Mak et al., Nat. Nanotechnology 7, 494 (2012).
- [5] Braga et al., Nano Lett. 12, 5218 (2012).

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